## **AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS**

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

## **Listing of Claims:**

1	1. (Currently Amended) A method for optimizing traffic on a distributed
2	content delivery network, comprising:
3	receiving a request for content from a client at a directory server;
4	identifying the client as a potential candidate server for the requested
5	content;
6	adding the client to a list of potential candidate servers;
7	determining if the client is a member of an arena in a list of arenas,
8	wherein an arena is a specified set of nodes on a network and at least one arena
9	has a plurality of nodes; and
10	if the client is a member of the arena, applying routing rules to the
11	delivery of content to the client,
12	wherein the routing rules correspond to the arena;
13	wherein the routing rules involve at least one of the following:
14	directing the client to available peers within one of a set of
15	match sets for the requested content, wherein a match set is a set of
16	network devices as defined by a system administrator;
17	when there are no peers with a copy of the requested
18	content in the match set, automatically directing the client to a next
19	match set in the set of match sets; and
20	directing the peer to the origin server;
21	wherein the order of precedence in which the client is directed to
22	nodes within a match set, to a next match set, as well as to the origin

23	server in the routing rules is specified in the routing rules corresponding to
24	each arena
25	including routing rules specific to the arena.
1	2. (Original) The method of claim 1, further comprising defining an arena
2	by receiving input from a user and using the input to specify one or more edge
3	routers that surround nodes on the network that are members of the arena.
1	3. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein after an arena is defined, a
2	node can be dynamically assigned to and removed from the arena as the node is
3	physically moved.
1	4. (Original) The method of claim 1, further comprising defining an arena
2	by receiving input from an administrator and using the input to specify a list of
3	addresses for nodes that comprise the arena.
1	5. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein a routing rule can prohibit
2	traffic across a specific network link.
1	6. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein a routing rule can prohibit
2	traffic across a specific network link when the network link reaches a
3	predetermined utilization.
1	7. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the routing rule specifies a
2	maximum amount of bandwidth that can be used for content delivery purposes on
3	a specific network link.
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1	8. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein applying
2	routing rules to the delivery of content to the client involves:

3	attempting to receive content at the client from nodes on a local subnet;
4	if no nodes are available on the local subnet, attempting to receive the
5	content from nodes in a local arena;
6	if no nodes are available on the local arena, attempting to receive the
7	content from nodes in non-local arenas as specified by a fallback list;
8	if no nodes are available on non-local arenas, attempting to receive the
9	content from nodes that are topologically close on a router graph, wherein the
10	router graph specifies how the nodes on the network are interconnected; and
11	if no nodes are available on the router graph, attempting to receive the
12	content from an origin server.
1	9. (Original) The method of claim 8, wherein the fallback list for arenas
2	specifies an ordering of arenas.
1	10. (Currently Amended) A computer-readable magnetic or optical
2	storage medium storing instructions that when executed by a computer cause the
3	computer to perform a method for optimizing traffic on a distributed content
4	delivery network, the method comprising:
5	receiving a request for content from a client at a directory server;
6	identifying the client as a potential candidate server for the requested
7	content;
8	adding the client to a list of potential candidate servers;
9	determining if the client is a member of an arena in a list of arenas,
10	wherein an arena is a specified set of nodes on a network and at least one arena
11	has a plurality of nodes; and
12	if the client is a member of the arena, applying routing rules to the
13	delivery of content to the client, including routing rules specific to the
14	arena wherein the routing rules correspond to the arena;
15	wherein the routing rules involve at least one of the following:

16	directing the client to available peers within one of a set of
17	match sets for the requested content, wherein a match set is a set of
18	network devices as defined by a system administrator;
19	when there are no peers with a copy of the requested
20	content in the match set, automatically directing the client to a next
21	match set in the set of match sets; and
22	directing the peer to the origin server;
23	wherein the order of precedence in which the client is directed to
24	nodes within a match set, to a next match set, as well as to the origin
25	server in the routing rules is specified in the routing rules corresponding to
26	each arena.
1	11. (Original) The computer-readable storage medium of claim 10,
2	wherein the method further comprises defining an arena by receiving input from a
3	user and using the input to specify one or more edge routers that surround nodes
4	on the network that are members of the arena.
1	12. (Original) The computer-readable storage medium of claim 10,
2	wherein after an arena is defined, a node can be dynamically assigned to and
3	removed from the arena as the node is physically moved.
1	13. (Original) The computer-readable storage medium of claim 10,
2	wherein the method further comprises defining an arena by receiving input from
3	an administrator and using the input to specify a list of addresses for nodes that
4	comprise the arena.
1	14. (Original) The computer-readable storage medium of claim 10,
2	wherein a routing rule can prohibit traffic across a specific network link.

1	15. (Original) The computer-readable storage medium of claim 14,
2	wherein a routing rule can prohibit traffic across a specific network link when the
3	network link reaches a predetermined utilization.
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1	16. (Original) The computer-readable storage medium of claim 10,
2	wherein the routing rule specifies a maximum amount of bandwidth that can be
3	used for content delivery purposes on a specific network link.
1	17. (Original) The computer-readable storage medium of claim 10,
2	wherein applying routing rules to the delivery of content to the client involves:
3	attempting to receive content at the client from nodes on a local subnet;
4	if no nodes are available on the local subnet, attempting to receive the
5	content from nodes in a local arena;
6	if no nodes are available on the local arena, attempting to receive the
7	content from nodes in non-local arenas as specified by a fallback list;
8	if no nodes are available on non-local arenas, attempting to receive the
9	content from nodes that are topologically close on a router graph, wherein the
10	router graph specifies how the nodes on the network are interconnected; and
11	if no nodes are available on the router graph, attempting to receive the
12	content from an origin server.
1	18. (Original) The computer-readable storage medium of claim 17,
2	wherein the fallback list for arenas specifies an ordering of arenas.
1	19. (Currently Amended) An apparatus for optimizing traffic on a
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2	distributed content delivery network, comprising:
3	a receiving mechanism configured to

4	receive a request for content from a client at a directory server;
5	identify the client as a potential candidate server for the requested content;
6	and
7	add the client to a list of potential candidate servers;
8	a determination mechanism configured to determine if the client is a
9	member of an arena in a list of arenas, wherein an arena is a specified set of nodes
10	on a network and at least one arena includes a plurality of nodes; and
11	a routing mechanism configured to apply routing rules to the
12	delivery of content to the client, including routing rules specific to the
13	arena, if the client is a member of the arena,
14	wherein the routing rules correspond to the arena;
15	wherein the routing rules involve at least one of the following:
16	directing the client to available peers within one of a set of
17	match sets for the requested content, wherein a match set is a set of
18	network devices as defined by a system administrator;
19	when there are no peers with a copy of the requested
20	content in the match set, automatically directing the client to a next
21	match set in the set of match sets; and
22	directing the peer to the origin server;
23	wherein the order of precedence in which the client is directed to
24	nodes within a match set, to a next match set, as well as to the origin
25	server in the routing rules is specified in the routing rules corresponding to
26	each arena.
1	20. (Original) The apparatus of claim 19, further comprising a definition
2	mechanism configured to define an arena by receiving input from a user and using
3	the input to specify one or more edge routers that surround nodes on the network
4	that are members of the arena.

1	21. (Previously Presented) The apparatus of claim 19, wherein the routing
2	rules specific to the arena include one or more of: an order of precedence for
3	fallback within match sets, an order of precedence for fallback between match
4	sets, identification of sets to avoid, and rules for when to return to an origin
5	server.
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1	22. (Original) The apparatus of claim 19, wherein after an arena is
2	defined, a node can be dynamically assigned to and removed from the arena as the
3	node is physically moved.
1	23. (Original) The apparatus of claim 19, further comprising a definition
2	mechanism configured to define an arena by receiving input from an
3	administrator and using the input to specify a list of addresses for nodes that
4	comprise the arena.
1	24. (Original) The apparatus of claim 19, wherein a routing rule can
2	prohibit traffic across a specific network link.
1	25. (Original) The apparatus of claim 24, wherein a routing rule can
2	prohibit traffic across a specific network link when the network link reaches a
3	predetermined utilization.
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1	26. (Original) The apparatus of claim 19, wherein the routing rule
2	specifies a maximum amount of bandwidth that can be used for content delivery
3	purposes on a specific network link.
1	27. (Original) The apparatus of claim 19, wherein the routing mechanism
2	is further configured to:

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4	attempt to receive the content from nodes in a local arena if no nodes are
5	available on the local subnet;
6	attempt to receive the content from nodes in non-local arenas as specified
7	by a fallback list if no nodes are available on the local arena;
8	attempt to receive the content from nodes that are topologically close on a
9	router graph if no nodes are available on non-local arenas, wherein the router
10	graph specifies how the nodes on the network are interconnected; and
11	attempt to receive the content from an origin server if no nodes are
12	available on the router graph.

28. (Original) The apparatus of claim 27, wherein the fallback list for arenas specifies an ordering of arenas.